

KATO III

BCRJ code:

0318

Cell Line:

KATO III

Species:

*Homo sapiens*

**Vulgar Name:** Human

Tissue:

Stomach; Derived From Metastatic Site: Pleural Effusion And Supraclavicular And Axillary Lymph Nodes And Douglas Cul-De-Sac

Morphology:

Spherical

Disease:

Gastric Carcinoma

Growth Properties:

Mixed, Adherent And Suspension

Age Ethnicity:

55 YEARS OLD; ASIAN

Derivation:

derived from metastatic site: pleural effusion and supraclavicular and axillary lymph nodes and Douglas cul-de-sac

DNA Profile:

Amelogenin: X

CSF1PO: 7,11

D13S317: 8,12

D16S539: 10,12

D5S818: 10,11

D7S820: 8,12

THO1: 7,9

TPOX: 11

vWA: 14,16

Tumor Formation:

YES; IN CHEEK POUCHES OF ANTI THYMOCYTE SERUM TREATED HAMSTERS; NOT TUMORIGENIC IN NUDE MICE

Biosafety:

1

Culture Medium:

Iscove's Modified Dulbecco's Medium (IMDM) contains 4 mM L-glutamine, 4500 mg/L glucose, and 1500 mg/L

sodium bicarbonate. Fetal bovine serum to a final concentration of 20%.

Subculturing:

Volumes used in this protocol are for 75 cm<sup>2</sup> flask; proportionally reduce or increase amount of dissociation medium for culture vessels of other sizes.

Remove culture medium with floating cells to a centrifuge tube. Briefly rinse the cell layer with PBS without calcium and magnesium to remove all traces of serum, which contains trypsin inhibitor.

Add 2.0 to 3.0 mL of Trypsin-EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 5 to 10 minutes). Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37°C to facilitate dispersal.

Add 6.0 to 8.0 mL of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting.

To remove trypsin-EDTA solution, transfer cell suspension to the centrifuge tube with the medium and cells from step #1 and spin at approximately 125 x g for 5 to 10 minutes.

Discard supernatant and resuspend cells in fresh growth medium. Add appropriate aliquots of cell suspension to new culture vessels. Place culture vessels in incubator at 37°C.

NOTE: For more information on enzymatic dissociation and subculturing of cell lines consult Chapter 12 in Culture of Animal Cells, a manual of Basic Technique by R. Ian Freshney, 6th edition, published by Alan R. Liss, N.Y., 2010.

**Medium Renewal:** Every 2 to 3 days

**Subcultivation ratio:** 1:2 to 1:8 is recommended

Culture Conditions:

Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), 5%

Temperature: 37°C

Cryopreservation:

95% FBS + 5% DMSO (Dimethyl sulfoxide)

Thawing Frozen Cells:

**SAFETY PRECAUTION:** It is highly recommended that protective gloves and clothing always be used and a full face mask always be worn when handling frozen vials. It is important to note that some vials leak when submerged in liquid nitrogen and will slowly fill with liquid nitrogen. Upon thawing, the conversion of the liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may result in the vessel exploding or blowing off its cap with dangerous force creating flying debris.

1. Thaw the vial by gentle agitation in a 37°C water bath. To reduce the possibility of contamination, keep the Oring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid (approximately 2 minutes).
2. Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as the contents are thawed, and decontaminate by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. All of the operations from this point on should be carried out under strict aseptic conditions.
3. For cells that are sensitive to DMSO it is recommended that the cryoprotective agent be removed immediately. Transfer the vial contents to a centrifuge tube containing 9.0 mL complete culture medium and spin at approximately 125 x g for 5 to 7 minutes.
4. Discard the supernatant and Resuspend cell pellet with the recommended complete medium (see the specific batch information for the culture recommended dilution ratio).

5. Incubate the culture in a appropriate atmosphere and temperature (see "Culture Conditions" for this cell line).

NOTE: It is important to avoid excessive alkalinity of the medium during recovery of the cells. It is suggested that, prior to the addition of the vial contents, the culture vessel containing the growth medium be placed into the incubator for at least 15 minutes to allow the medium to reach its normal pH (7.0 to 7.6).

References:

2371: Sekiguchi M, et al. Establishment of cultured cell lines derived from a human gastric carcinoma. *Jpn. J. Exp. Med.* 48: 61-68, 1978.; Faust JB, Meeker TC. Amplification and expression of the bcl-1 gene in human solid tumor cell lines. *Cancer Res.* 52: 2460-2463, 1992. ; Rieder G, et al. Role of adherence in Interleukin-8 induction in Helicobacter pylori-associated gastritis. *Infect. Immun.* 65: 3622-3630, 1997.

Depositors:

RENATO J. S OLIVEIRA (CPOM) - HOSPITAL DE CÂNCER DE BARRETOS

ATCC:

HTB-103