

## Data Sheet

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<b>BCRJ Code:</b>	0057
<b>Cell Line:</b>	C6
<b>Species:</b>	<i>Rattus norvegicus</i>
<b>Vulgar Name:</b>	Rat
<b>Tissue:</b>	Brain
<b>Cell Type:</b>	Glial Cell
<b>Disease:</b>	Glioma
<b>Growth Properties:</b>	Adherent
<b>Derivation:</b>	The glial cell strain, C6, was cloned from a rat glial tumor induced by N-nitrosomethylurea by Benda et al. after a series of alternate culture and animal passages.
<b>Applications:</b>	This cell line is a suitable transfection host.
<b>Virus Susceptibility::</b>	Vaccinia virus Vesicular stomatitis, Orsay (Indiana) Vesicular stomatitis, Glasgow (Indiana) Herpes simplex virus
<b>Virus Resistance::</b>	poliovirus 3
<b>Products:</b>	S-100 protein; produce glyceryl phosphate dehydrogenase in response to glucocorticoids; somatotrophin
<b>Biosafety:</b>	1
<b>Additional Info:</b>	S-100 production increases ten fold as cells grow from low density to confluency.
<b>Culture Medium:</b>	F-12K Medium (Kaighn's Modification of Ham's F-12 Medium) contains 2 mM L-glutamine and 15% of horse serum and 2,5% of fetal bovine serum.

**Subculturing:**

Volumes used in this protocol are for 75 cm<sup>2</sup> flask; proportionally reduce or increase amount of dissociation medium for culture vessels of other sizes. T-75 flasks are recommended for subculturing this product. Remove and discard culture medium. Briefly rinse the cell layer with PBS without calcium and magnesium to remove all traces of serum that contains trypsin inhibitor. Add 2.0 to 3.0 mL of Trypsin-EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 5 to 15 minutes). Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37°C to facilitate dispersal. Add 6.0 to 8.0 mL of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting. Add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels. Incubate cultures at 37°C. NOTE: For more information on enzymatic dissociation and subculturing of cell lines consult Chapter 12 in Culture of Animal Cells, a manual of Basic Technique by R. Ian Freshney, 6th edition, published by Alan R. Liss, N.Y., 2010.

**Subculturing Medium Renewal:**

2 to 3 times per week

**Subculturing Subcultivation Ratio:**

1:2 to 1:3

**Culture Conditions:**

Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), 5% Temperature: 37°C

**Cryopreservation:**

95% FBS + 5% DMSO (Dimethyl sulfoxide)

**Thawing Frozen Cells:**

**SAFETY PRECAUTION:** It is highly recommended that protective gloves and clothing always be used and a full face mask always be worn when handling frozen vials. It is important to note that some vials leak when submerged in liquid nitrogen and will slowly fill with liquid nitrogen. Upon thawing, the conversion of the liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may result in the vessel exploding or blowing off its cap with dangerous force creating flying debris. 1. Thaw the vial by gentle agitation in a 37°C water bath. To reduce the possibility of contamination, keep the Oring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid (approximately 2 minutes). 2. Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as the contents are thawed, and decontaminate by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. All of the operations from this point on should be carried out under strict aseptic conditions. 3. For cells that are sensitive to DMSO is recommended that the cryoprotective agent be removed immediately. Transfer the vial contents to a centrifuge tube containing 9.0 mL complete culture medium and spin at approximately 125 x g for 5 to 7 minutes. 4. Discard the supernatant and Resuspend cell pellet with the recommended complete medium (see the specific batch information for the culture recommended dilution ratio). 5. Incubate the culture in an appropriate atmosphere and temperature (see "Culture Conditions" for this cell line). **NOTE:** It is important to avoid excessive alkalinity of the medium during recovery of the cells. It is suggested that, prior to the addition of the vial contents, the culture vessel containing the growth medium be placed into the incubator for at least 15 minutes to allow the medium to reach its normal pH (7.0 to 7.6).

**References:**

Benda P, et al. Differentiated rat glial cell strain in tissue culture. Science 161: 370-371, 1968. PubMed: 4873531 Lightbody JJ, et al. Establishment of differentiated clonal strains of glial brain cells in culture. Fed. Proc. 27: 720, 1968. Chen Y, et al. Demonstration of binding of dengue virus envelope protein to target cells. J. Virol. 70: 8765-8772, 1996. PubMed: 8971005

**Depositors:**

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**ATCC:**

CCL-107

**Cellosaurus:**

[CVCL\\_0194](#)