

Banco de Células do Rio de Janeiro

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BCRJ Code: 0800

Cell Line: ES-2

Species: Homo sapiens

Vulgar Name: Human

Tissue: Ovary

Cell Type: Epithelial

Morphology: **Epithelial**

Disease: Clear Cell Carcinoma

Growth Properties: Adherent

Sex: Female

Age/Ethinicity: 47 Year / Black

The ES-2 cell line was established from a surgical tumor specimen taken from **Derivation:**

a 47 year old black woman.

Amelogenin: X CSF1PO: 10,15 D13S317: 11 D16S539: 11,13 D5S818: 11,13 **DNA Profile:**

D7S820: 11 THO1: 9.3 TPOX: 8,12 vWA: 16,17

Yes, tumors developed within 21 days at 100% frequency (5/5) in nude mice **Tumor Formation::**

inoculated subcutaneously with 10e7 cells.

Products: P glycoprotein

Biosafety: 1

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Addtional Info:

The tumor was described as a poorly differentiated ovarian clear cell carcinoma. Initially, the cells were grown in soft agar. The cells exhibit low to moderate resistance to a number of chemotherapeutic agents including doxorubicin, cisplatin, carmustine, etoposide and cyanomorpholinodoxorubicin (MRA-CN). ES-2 cells express low levels of P glycoprotein.

Culture Medium:

McCoy's 5A Medium is modified with fetal bovine serum to a final concentration of 10%.

Subculturing:

Remove and discard culture medium. Briefly rinse the cell layer with PBS without calcium and magnesium to remove all traces of serum that contains trypsin inhibitor. Add 2.0 to 3.0 mL of Trypsin-EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 5 to 15 minutes). Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37°C to facilitate dispersal. Add 6.0 to 8.0 mL of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting. Add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels. Incubate cultures at 37°C. Population Doubling Time 24 hrs NOTE: For more information on enzymatic dissociation and subculturing of cell lines consult Chapter 12 in Culture of Animal Cells, a manual of Basic Technique by R. Ian Freshney, 6th edition, published by Alan R. Liss, N.Y., 2010.

Subculturing Medium Renewal:

2 to 3 times per week

Subculturing

Subcultivation Ratio:

1:4 to 1:8

Culture Conditions:

Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO2), 5% Temperature: 37°C

Cryopreservation:

95% FBS + 5% DMSO (Dimethyl sulfoxide)



Thawing Frozen Cells:

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SAFETY PRECAUTION: It is strongly recommended to always wear protective gloves, clothing, and a full-face mask when handling frozen vials. Some vials may leak when submerged in liquid nitrogen, allowing nitrogen to slowly enter the vial. Upon thawing, the conversion of liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may cause the vial to explode or eject its cap with significant force, creating flying debris.

- 1. Thaw the vial by gently agitating it in a 37°C water bath. To minimize contamination, keep the O-ring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid (approximately 2 minutes).
- 2. Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as its contents are thawed and decontaminate it by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. From this point, all operations must be performed under strict aseptic conditions.
- 3. For cells sensitive to DMSO, it is recommended to remove the cryoprotective agent immediately. Transfer the vial contents to a centrifuge tube containing 9.0 mL of complete culture medium and centrifuge at approximately 125 × g for 5 to 7 minutes.
- 4. Discard the supernatant and resuspend the cell pellet in the recommended complete medium (see specific batch information for the appropriate dilution
- 5. Incubate the culture under appropriate atmospheric and temperature conditions (see "Culture Conditions" for this cell line).

NOTE: It is important to avoid excessive alkalinity of the medium during cell recovery. To minimize this risk, it is recommended to place the culture vessel containing the growth medium in the incubator for at least 15 minutes before adding the vial contents. This allows the medium to stabilize at its normal pH (7.0 to 7.6).

References:

Lau DH, et al. Multifactorial mechanisms associated with broad crossresistance of ovarian carcinoma cells selected by cyanomorpholino doxorubicin. Cancer Res. 51: 5181-5187, 1991. PubMed: 1717140

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