

Banco de Células do Rio de Janeiro

Data Sheet

PAGE 1/3

BCRJ Code: 0103

Cell Line: Hep G2

Species: Homo sapiens

Vulgar Name: Human

Tissue: Liver

Cell Type: Epithelial

Morphology: Epithelial

Disease: Hepatocellular Carcinoma

Growth Properties: Adherent

Sex: Male

Age/Ethinicity: 15 Year / Caucasian

Applications: These cells are suitable as a transfection host

DNA Profile: Amelogenin: X,Y CSF1PO: 10,11 D13S317: 9,13 D16S539: 12,13 D5S818: 11,12

D7S820: 10 THO1: 9 TPOX: 8,9 vWA: 17

Tumor Formation:: No, in immunosuppressed mice Yes, in semisolid medium

Cellular products: alpha-fetoprotein (alpha fetoprotein); albumin; alpha 2

macroglobulin (alpha-2-macroglobulin); alpha1 antitrypsin (alpha-1-

antitrypsin); transferrin; alpha1 antichymotrypsin; (alpha-1-antichymotrypsin); haptoglobin; ceruloplasmin; plasminogen; complement (C4); C3 activator;

fibrinogen; alpha1 acid glycoprotein (alpha-1 acid glycoprotein); alpha2 HS

glycoprotein (alpha-2-HS-glycoprotein); beta lipoprotein (beta-lipoprotein);

bcrj.org.br

retinol binding protein (retinol-binding protein)



Products:







Banco de Células do Rio de Janeiro

Data Sheet

PAGE 2/3

Biosafety:

1

Addtional Info:

The cells express 3-hydroxy-3-methylglutaryl-CoA reductase and hepatic triglyceride lipase activities. The cells demonstrate decreased expression of apoA-I mRNA and increased expression of catalase mRNA in response to gramoxone (oxidative stress). There is no evidence of a Hepatitis B virus genome in this cell line.

Culture Medium:

Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium (DMEM) with 1% non-essential amino acids, 2 mM L-glutamine, 1.0 g/L glucose and 10% of fetal bovine serum.

Volumes used in this protocol are for 75 cm2 flask; proportionally reduce or

Subculturing:

increase amount of dissociation medium for culture vessels of other sizes. T-75 flasks are recommended for subculturing this product. Remove and discard culture medium. Briefly rinse the cell layer with PBS without calcium and magnesium to remove all traces of serum that contains trypsin inhibitor. Add 2.0 to 3.0 mL of Trypsin-EDTA solution to flask and observe cells under an inverted microscope until cell layer is dispersed (usually within 5 to 15 minutes). Note: To avoid clumping do not agitate the cells by hitting or shaking the flask while waiting for the cells to detach. Cells that are difficult to detach may be placed at 37°C to facilitate dispersal. Add 6.0 to 8.0 mL of complete growth medium and aspirate cells by gently pipetting. Add appropriate aliquots of the cell suspension to new culture vessels. Incubate cultures at 37°C. NOTE: For more information on enzymatic dissociation and subculturing of cell lines consult Chapter 12 in Culture of Animal Cells, a manual of Basic Technique by R. Ian Freshney, 6th edition, published by Alan R. Liss, N.Y., 2010.

Subculturing Medium Renewal:

Twice per week

Subculturing Subcultivation Ratio:

1:4 to 1:6

Culture Conditions:

Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO2), 5% Temperature: 37°C

Cryopreservation:

95% FBS + 5% DMSO (Dimethyl sulfoxide)



Banco de Células do Rio de Janeiro

Data Sheet

PAGE 3/3

SAFETY PRECAUTION: It is strongly recommended to always wear protective gloves, clothing, and a full-face mask when handling frozen vials. Some vials may leak when submerged in liquid nitrogen, allowing nitrogen to slowly enter the vial. Upon thawing, the conversion of liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may cause the vial to explode or eject its cap with significant force, creating flying debris.

- 1. Thaw the vial by gently agitating it in a 37°C water bath. To minimize contamination, keep the O-ring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid (approximately 2 minutes).
- 2. Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as its contents are thawed and decontaminate it by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. From this point, all operations must be performed under strict aseptic conditions.

Thawing Frozen Cells:

- 3. For cells sensitive to DMSO, it is recommended to remove the cryoprotective agent immediately. Transfer the vial contents to a centrifuge tube containing 9.0 mL of complete culture medium and centrifuge at approximately 125 × g for 5 to 7 minutes.
- 4. Discard the supernatant and resuspend the cell pellet in the recommended complete medium (see specific batch information for the appropriate dilution
- 5. Incubate the culture under appropriate atmospheric and temperature conditions (see "Culture Conditions" for this cell line).

NOTE: It is important to avoid excessive alkalinity of the medium during cell recovery. To minimize this risk, it is recommended to place the culture vessel containing the growth medium in the incubator for at least 15 minutes before adding the vial contents. This allows the medium to stabilize at its normal pH (7.0 to 7.6).

References:

1205: Knowles BB, et al. Human hepatocellular carcinoma cell lines secrete the major plasma proteins and hepatitis B surface antigen. Science 209: 497-499, 1980. PubMed: 6248960 3525: Knowles BB , Aden DP . Human hepatoma derived cell line, process for p

Depositors:

Márcio Poças Universidade De Brasília And Ada M.B. Alves Fiocruz.

Cellosaurus:

CVCL 0027

@bcrj_apabcam

