

Banco de Células do Rio de Janeiro

Data Sheet

PAGE 1/2

BCRJ Code: 0310

Cell Line: HGC-27

Species: Homo sapiens

Vulgar Name: Human

Tissue: Stomach

Cell Type: Epithelial; Polygonal Or Short Spindle-Shaped

Morphology: Epithelial

Disease: Gastric Carcinoma

Growth Properties: Adherent

Derivation:This cell line was established by culture of the metastatic lymph node from a

gastric cancer patient diagnosed histological as undifferentiated carcinoma.

Tumor Formation:: YES

Biosafety: 1

Culture Medium:

Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium (DMEM) with 2 mM L-glutamine, 1.0 g/L

glucose and 10% of fetal bovine serum.

Remove medium and rinse the adherent cells using PBS without calcium and magnesium (3-5 ml PBS for T25, 5-10ml for T75 cell culture flasks). Add Trypsin-EDTA (1-2ml per T25, 2.5ml per T75 cell culture flask), the cell sheet must be covered completely. Incubate at 37°C for 10 minutes. Carefully resuspend the cells, the addition of medium is optional but not necessary, and dispense into new flasks which contain fresh medium. Doubling Time: 17 hrs NOTE: For more information on enzymatic dissociation and subculturing of cell lines consult Chapter 12 in Culture of Animal Cells, a manual of Basic Technique by R. Ian

Freshney, 6th edition, published by Alan R. Liss, N.Y., 2010.





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Subculturing:



Banco de Células do Rio de Janeiro

Data Sheet

PAGE 2/2

Subculturing Medium

Renewal:

Every 2 to 3 days

Culture Conditions:

Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO2), 5% Temperature: 37°C

Cryopreservation:

95% FBS + 5% DMSO (Dimethyl sulfoxide)

SAFETY PRECAUTION: Is highly recommend that protective gloves and clothing always be used and a full face mask always be worn when handling frozen vials. It is important to note that some vials leak when submersed in liquid nitrogen and will slowly fill with liquid nitrogen. Upon thawing, the conversion of the liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may result in the vessel exploding or blowing off its cap with dangerous force creating flying debris. 1. Thaw the vial by gentle agitation in a 37°C water bath. To reduce the possibility of contamination, keep the Oring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid (approximately 2 minutes). 2. Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as the contents are thawed, and decontaminate by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. All of the operations from this point on should be carried out under strict aseptic conditions. 3. For cells that are sensitive to DMSO is recommended that the cryoprotective agent be removed immediately. Transfer the vial contents to a centrifuge tube containing 9.0 mL complete culture medium and spin at approximately 125 x g for 5 to 7 minutes. 4.Discard the supernatant and Resuspend cell pellet with the recommended complete medium (see the specific batch information for the culture recommended dilution ratio). 5. Incubate the culture in a appropriate atmosphere and temperature (see "Culture Conditions" for this cell line). NOTE: It is important

Thawing Frozen Cells:

AKAGI, T, KIMOTO T. HUMAN CELL LINE (HGC-27) DERIVED FROM METASTATIC LYMPH NODE OF GASTRIC CANCER. ACTA MED OKAYAMA 30(3): 215-219, 1974

to avoid excessive alkalinity of the medium during recovery of the cells. It is suggested that, prior to the addition of the vial contents, the culture vessel containing the growth medium be placed into the incubator for at least 15

minutes to allow the medium to reach its normal pH (7.0 to 7.6).

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References: