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BCRJ Code: 0125

Cell Line: Jurkat, Clone E6-1

Species: Homo sapiens

Vulgar Name: Human

Tissue: Peripheral Blood

Cell Type: T Lymphocyte

Morphology: Lymphoblast

Disease: Acute T Cell Leukemia

Growth Properties: Suspension

Sex: Male

The Jurkat cell line was established from the peripheral blood of a 14 year **Derivation:**

old boy by Schneider et al., and was originally designated JM.

This cell line is a suitable transfection host. **Applications:**

Amelogenin: X,Y CSF1PO: 11,12 D13S317: 8,12 D16S539: 11 D5S818: 9 **DNA Profile:**

D7S820: 8,12 THO1: 6,9.3 TPOX: 8,10 vWA: 18

Products: Interleukin 2 (IL-2), human alpha interferon

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Biosafety: 1

Clone E6-1 cells produce large amounts of IL-2 after stimulation with **Addtional Info:** phorbol esters and either lectins or monoclonal antibodies against the T3

antigen (both types of stimulants are needed to induce IL-2 production.







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Culture Medium:

RPMI 1640 medium with 2 mM L-glutamine, 4.5 g/L glucosen and 10% of heat-inactivated fetal bovine serum.

Subculturing:

Cultures can be maintained by the addition of fresh medium or replacement of medium. Alternatively, cultures can be established by centrifugation with subsequent resuspension at 1 x 10e5 viable cells/mL. NOTE: Do not allow the cell density to exceed 3 X 10e6 cells/mL.

Subculturing Medium Renewal:

2 to 3 days

Culture Conditions:

Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO2), 5% Temperature: 37°C

Cryopreservation:

95% FBS + 5% DMSO (Dimethyl sulfoxide)

SAFETY PRECAUTION: It is strongly recommended to always wear protective gloves, clothing, and a full-face mask when handling frozen vials. Some vials may leak when submerged in liquid nitrogen, allowing nitrogen to slowly enter the vial. Upon thawing, the conversion of liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may cause the vial to explode or eject its cap with significant force, creating flying debris.

- 1. Thaw the vial by gently agitating it in a 37°C water bath. To minimize contamination, keep the O-ring and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid (approximately 2 minutes).
- 2. Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as its contents are thawed and decontaminate it by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. From this point, all operations must be performed under strict aseptic conditions.
- 3. For cells sensitive to DMSO, it is recommended to remove the cryoprotective agent immediately. Transfer the vial contents to a centrifuge tube containing 9.0 mL of complete culture medium and centrifuge at approximately $125 \times g$ for 5 to 7 minutes.
- 4. Discard the supernatant and resuspend the cell pellet in the recommended complete medium (see specific batch information for the appropriate dilution ratio).
- 5. Incubate the culture under appropriate atmospheric and temperature conditions (see "Culture Conditions" for this cell line).

NOTE: It is important to avoid excessive alkalinity of the medium during cell recovery. To minimize this risk, it is recommended to place the culture vessel containing the growth medium in the incubator for at least 15 minutes before adding the vial contents. This allows the medium to stabilize at its normal pH (7.0 to 7.6).

Thawing Frozen Cells:



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References:

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