

Data Sheet

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BCRJ Code:	0167
Cell Line:	MDBK
Species:	Bos taurus
Vulgar Name:	Cow, Bovine
Tissue:	Kidney
Morphology:	Epithelial
Disease:	Normal
Growth Properties:	Adherent
Sex:	Male
Derivation:	The MDBK cell line was derived from a kidney of an apparently normal adult steer
Applications:	This cell line is a suitable transfection host.
Virus Susceptibility::	Vesicular stomatitis, Orsay (Indiana) Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis Bovine parvovirus Bovine adenovirus 2 Bovine adenovirus 3 Bovine viral diarrhea virus 1 , Bovine viral diarrhea virus 1 Parainfluenza 3
Virus Resistance::	POLIOVIRUS 2
Products:	keratin
Biosafety:	1
Additional Info:	Also known as MDBK (NBL-1).
Culture Medium:	Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium (DMEM) with 1% non-essential amino acids, 2 mM L-glutamine, 1.0 g/L glucose and 10% of fetal bovine serum.

Subculturing:

Remove medium, and rinse with PBS without calcium and magnesium. Remove the solution and add an additional 1 to 2 mL of trypsin-EDTA solution. Allow the flask to sit at room temperature (or at 37°C) until the cells detach. Add fresh culture medium, aspirate and dispense into new culture flasks. NOTE: For more information on enzymatic dissociation and subculturing of cell lines consult Chapter 12 in Culture of Animal Cells, a manual of Basic Technique by R. Ian Freshney, 6th edition, published by Alan R. Liss, N.Y., 2010.

Subculturing Medium Renewal:

Twice per week

Subculturing Subcultivation Ratio:

1:2 to 1:4

Culture Conditions:

Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO₂), 5% Temperature: 37°C

Cryopreservation:

95% FBS + 5% DMSO (Dimethyl sulfoxide)

Thawing Frozen Cells:

SAFETY PRECAUTION: It is highly recommended that protective gloves and clothing always be used and a full face mask always be worn when handling frozen vials. It is important to note that some vials leak when submerged in liquid nitrogen and will slowly fill with liquid nitrogen. Upon thawing, the conversion of the liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may result in the vessel exploding or blowing off its cap with dangerous force creating flying debris. 1. Thaw the vial by gentle agitation in a 37°C water bath. To reduce the possibility of contamination, keep the vial and cap out of the water. Thawing should be rapid (approximately 2 minutes). 2. Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as the contents are thawed, and decontaminate by dipping in or spraying with 70% ethanol. All of the operations from this point on should be carried out under strict aseptic conditions. 3. For cells that are sensitive to DMSO it is recommended that the cryoprotective agent be removed immediately. Transfer the vial contents to a centrifuge tube containing 9.0 mL complete culture medium and spin at approximately 125 x g for 5 to 7 minutes. 4. Discard the supernatant and Resuspend cell pellet with the recommended complete medium (see the specific batch information for the culture recommended dilution ratio). 5. Incubate the culture in an appropriate atmosphere and temperature (see "Culture Conditions" for this cell line). NOTE: It is important to avoid excessive alkalinity of the medium during recovery of the cells. It is suggested that, prior to the addition of the vial contents, the culture vessel containing the growth medium be placed into the incubator for at least 15 minutes to allow the medium to reach its normal pH (7.0 to 7.6).

References:

Madin SH, Darby NB Jr.. Established kidney cell lines of normal adult bovine and ovine origin. Proc. Soc. Exp. Biol. Med. 98: 574-576, 1958. PubMed: 13567776 Bolin SR, et al. Survey of cell lines in the American Type Culture Collection for bovine viral diarrhoea virus. J. Virol. Methods 48: 211-221, 1994. PubMed: 7989438 Loffler S, et al. CD9, a tetraspan transmembrane protein, renders cells susceptible to canine distemper virus. J. Virol. 71: 42-49, 1997. PubMed: 8985321 Russell DW, Miller AD. Foamy virus vectors. J. Virol. 70: 217-222, 1996. PubMed: 8523528 USEPA Manual of Methods for Virology - EPA publication. Washington, DC:Environmental Protection Agency;EPA EPA 600/4-84/013 (R9), 2001 .

Depositors:

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ATCC:

CCL-22