

Banco de Células do Rio de Janeiro

Data Sheet

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BCRJ Code:	0267
Cell Line:	RD-ES
Species:	Homo sapiens
Vulgar Name:	Human
Tissue:	Bone
Morphology:	Epithelial
Disease:	Ewing'S Sarcoma
Growth Properties:	Mixed: Adherent And Clusters In Suspension
Sex:	Male
Age/Ethinicity:	19 Year / Caucasian
Derivation:	The cell line was initiated by G. Marshall and M. Kirchen from a primary osseous Ewings sarcoma of the humerus.
DNA Profile:	Amelogenin: X,Y CSF1PO:11 D13S317: 12,11 D16S539:11,9 D5S818:11 D7S820:10 THO1:7 TPOX:11,9 vWA:17 D2S1338:20,19 D19S433: 14,13 FGA:25,21 D3S1358:15 D18S51: 18,14 D8S1179: 13 D21S11: 28
Products:	Antigen Expression: Blood type B; Rh+
Biosafety:	1
Addtional Info:	Ultrastructurally the cells exhibit primitive cell junctions, possess glycogen pools and are 20 to 25 microns in diameter. The cells grow as a loosely attached monolayer in small clusters of 5 to 10 cells.
Culture Medium:	RPMI-1640 medium modified to contain 2 mM L-glutamine, 4500 mg/L glucose and 10% of fetal bovine serum.

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Subculturing:	Shake the flask after removing most of the medium. Add fresh medium and transfer to new flasks.	
Subculturing Medium Renewal:	2 to 3 times a week	
Subculturing Subcultivation Ratio:	1:3 to 1:8 is recommended	
Culture Conditions:	Atmosphere: air, 95%; carbon dioxide (CO2), 5% Temperature:	37°C
Cryopreservation:	95% FBS + 5% DMSO (Dimethyl sulfoxide)	
Thawing Frozen Cells:	SAFETY PRECAUTION: It is strongly recommended to always we protective gloves, clothing, and a full-face mask when handling vials. Some vials may leak when submerged in liquid nitrogen, a nitrogen to slowly enter the vial. Upon thawing, the conversion liquid nitrogen back to its gas phase may cause the vial to explore eject its cap with significant force, creating flying debris. 1. Thaw the vial by gently agitating it in a 37°C water bath. To m contamination, keep the O-ring and cap out of the water. Thaw should be rapid (approximately 2 minutes). 2. Remove the vial from the water bath as soon as its contents at thawed and decontaminate it by dipping in or spraying with 705 ethanol. From this point, all operations must be performed und aseptic conditions. 3. For cells sensitive to DMSO, it is recommended to remove the cryoprotective agent immediately. Transfer the vial contents to centrifuge tube containing 9.0 mL of complete culture medium centrifuge at approximately 125 × g for 5 to 7 minutes. 4. Discard the supernatant and resuspend the cell pellet in the recommended complete medium (see specific batch information the appropriate dilution ratio). 5. Incubate the culture under appropriate atmospheric and temperature conditions (see "Culture Conditions" for this cell line NOTE: It is important to avoid excessive alkalinity of the medium during cell recovery. To minimize this risk, it is recommended to the culture vessel containing the growth medium in the incubat at least 15 minutes before adding the vial contents. This allows medium to stabilize at its normal pH (7.0 to 7.6).	ar frozen llowing of de or inimize ing are % er strict e a and on for ne). n place cor for the

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References:	Hay, R. J., Caputo, J.L., and Macy, M. L., Eds (1992 Control Methods for Cell Lines. 2nd edition, Publi	!), ATCC Quality shed by ATCC
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Cellosaurus:	<u>CVCL 2169</u>	

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